

## ISIS, Oil and Turkey: Ankara's Illegal Trade with the Terrorists

Par [RT](#)

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Analyses: [IRAQ REPORT](#), [SYRIA](#)

Featured image: Islamic State documents, including invoices, which militants abandoned while retreating in haste. / RT

*An RT Documentary crew filming in northern Syria has seen Islamic State (IS, ISIS/ISIL) documents abandoned by retreating terrorists and found by the Kurds that, along with captured IS recruits, provide a stunning insight into the alleged Turkey-IS oil trade links.*

*Shortly after the outbreak of the Syrian war, IS became a game-changer in Iraq and, in particular, Syria. Beheadings on camera, mass killings, and enslavement, as well as apparent connections to the Paris and Brussels attacks had become synonymous with the terror group, giving it wide publicity.*

Running a viable militant organization with such remarkable capabilities would be impossible without some logistical and financial support from the outside.



[Click here to watch this video](#)

Turkey, which has been actively engaged in the Syrian war since the outset, has repeatedly

denied claims that it is aiding IS. However, while Ankara insists that it is the jihadist group's sworn enemy, facts on the ground often tell a different story.

RT has spoken to several witnesses who were involved in Islamic State's trade activities and accessed the terror group's documents, which provide insight into how and where foreign militants enter Syria to join the terrorist "state."



Abandoned buildings used by ISIS militants in northern Syria. / RT

### **Detailed oil invoices**

The RT Documentary team did most of its filming in the town of Shaddadi, located in the Syrian province Hasakah, which has been partly overrun by IS jihadists. Following the liberation of Shaddadi, which is home to some 10,000 people, RT filmed Kurdish soldiers walking around what used to be the homes of IS fighters and examining piles documents that had been left behind.

Some of the files seized at the scene turned out to be detailed invoices used by IS to calculate daily revenues from their oil fields and refineries, as well as the amount of oil extracted there. All the documents had Islamic State's symbol at the top.

الدولة الإسلامية  
مركز الزيتونة

التاريخ: 11/1/2016  
رقم الفاتورة: 1437

ت	اسم المشتري	نوع السيارة	عدد البرميل	سعر البرميل	الاجملي	رقم الوصل	ملاحظات
1	أحمد جبار	شاحنة	17	200	3400	1437	
2	عبدالله جبار	شاحنة	17	200	3400	1437	
3	محمد جبار	شاحنة	17	200	3400	1437	
4	علي جبار	شاحنة	17	200	3400	1437	
5	إبراهيم جبار	شاحنة	17	200	3400	1437	
6	يوسف جبار	شاحنة	17	200	3400	1437	
7	عمر جبار	شاحنة	17	200	3400	1437	
8	عبدالمجيد جبار	شاحنة	17	200	3400	1437	
9	عبدالله جبار	شاحنة	17	200	3400	1437	
10	محمد جبار	شاحنة	17	200	3400	1437	
11	علي جبار	شاحنة	17	200	3400	1437	
12	إبراهيم جبار	شاحنة	17	200	3400	1437	
13	يوسف جبار	شاحنة	17	200	3400	1437	
14	عمر جبار	شاحنة	17	200	3400	1437	
15	عبدالمجيد جبار	شاحنة	17	200	3400	1437	
16	عبدالله جبار	شاحنة	17	200	3400	1437	
17	محمد جبار	شاحنة	17	200	3400	1437	
18	علي جبار	شاحنة	17	200	3400	1437	
19	إبراهيم جبار	شاحنة	17	200	3400	1437	
20	يوسف جبار	شاحنة	17	200	3400	1437	
21	عمر جبار	شاحنة	17	200	3400	1437	
22	عبدالمجيد جبار	شاحنة	17	200	3400	1437	
23	عبدالله جبار	شاحنة	17	200	3400	1437	
24	محمد جبار	شاحنة	17	200	3400	1437	
25	علي جبار	شاحنة	17	200	3400	1437	
26	إبراهيم جبار	شاحنة	17	200	3400	1437	
27	يوسف جبار	شاحنة	17	200	3400	1437	
28	عمر جبار	شاحنة	17	200	3400	1437	
29	عبدالمجيد جبار	شاحنة	17	200	3400	1437	
30	عبدالله جبار	شاحنة	17	200	3400	1437	

سعر البنزين: \$70

1437/7 اليوم السبت 11/1/2016

الاسم	نوع السيارة	الاصح صاف	وزن فارغ	وزن كلي	وزن صافى	الاجملي	رقم الوصل	ملاحظات
1	شاحنة	250	2870	3120	261	9078	1437	
2	شاحنة	250	2870	3120	261	9078	1437	
3	شاحنة	250	2870	3120	261	9078	1437	
4	شاحنة	250	2870	3120	261	9078	1437	
5	شاحنة	250	2870	3120	261	9078	1437	
6	شاحنة	250	2870	3120	261	9078	1437	
7	شاحنة	250	2870	3120	261	9078	1437	
8	شاحنة	250	2870	3120	261	9078	1437	
9	شاحنة	250	2870	3120	261	9078	1437	
10	شاحنة	250	2870	3120	261	9078	1437	
11	شاحنة	250	2870	3120	261	9078	1437	
12	شاحنة	250	2870	3120	261	9078	1437	
13	شاحنة	250	2870	3120	261	9078	1437	
14	شاحنة	250	2870	3120	261	9078	1437	
15	شاحنة	250	2870	3120	261	9078	1437	
16	شاحنة	250	2870	3120	261	9078	1437	
17	شاحنة	250	2870	3120	261	9078	1437	
18	شاحنة	250	2870	3120	261	9078	1437	
19	شاحنة	250	2870	3120	261	9078	1437	
20	شاحنة	250	2870	3120	261	9078	1437	
21	شاحنة	250	2870	3120	261	9078	1437	
22	شاحنة	250	2870	3120	261	9078	1437	
23	شاحنة	250	2870	3120	261	9078	1437	
24	شاحنة	250	2870	3120	261	9078	1437	
25	شاحنة	250	2870	3120	261	9078	1437	
26	شاحنة	250	2870	3120	261	9078	1437	
27	شاحنة	250	2870	3120	261	9078	1437	
28	شاحنة	250	2870	3120	261	9078	1437	
29	شاحنة	250	2870	3120	261	9078	1437	
30	شاحنة	250	2870	3120	261	9078	1437	

توقيع المشتري: محمد جبار  
توقيع الصافي: 1339 = 3-1342 = 70 x 19180  
92

Example of an Islamic State invoice specifying the quantity of oil sold. / RT

The files showed that “IS has kept very professional records of their oil business,” said the author of the new RT Documentary on Islamic State filmed in northern Syria, who chose to remain anonymous for security reasons.

Every invoice included the name of the driver, the vehicle type driven, and the weight of the truck, both full and empty, as well as the agreed upon price and invoice number.

One of the discovered invoices dated 11 January, 2016, says that IS had extracted some 1,925 barrels of oil from Kabibah oil field and sold it for \$38,342.

**IS oil goes to Turkey - IS fighters come via Turkey**

RT spoke to local residents who had been forced to work in the IS oil industry about what it was like working at the terrorist-controlled oil refinery and where the extracted oil was sold.

The locals attested that “the extracted oil was delivered to an oil refinery, where it was converted into gasoline, gas and other petroleum products. Then the refined product was sold,” the RT documentary’s author said. “Then intermediaries from Raqqa and Aleppo arrived to pick up the oil and often mentioned Turkey.”

Important information revealing the connection between IS and Turkey was provided by a Turkish militant previously captured by the Kurds. The IS recruit said on camera that the terrorist group does, in fact, sell oil to Turkey.

“Without even us asking the fighter directly, he admitted that the reason why it was so easy for him to cross the Turkish border and join IS was, in part, due to the fact that Turkey also benefited. When asked how, he said that Turkey gets something out of it - something such as oil.”

RT was also able to speak with a Kurdish soldier in the area, who displayed a collection of passports he had gathered from the dead bodies of IS fighters. The documentary crew’s exclusive footage shows the documents of several jihadists who had come from all over the

world, including countries such as Bahrain, Libya, Kazakhstan, Russia, Tunisia, and Turkey.



Passports belonging to Islamic State fighters bearing stamps from Istanbul, Turkey. / RT

Most of these foreign fighters seemed to have come via Turkey, as all of their passports contained entry stamps issued at Turkish border checkpoints.

A YPG member also provided some photos that were retrieved from a USB drive allegedly belonging to future IS militants. One photo showed three men standing in front of the Obelisk of Theodosius, known today as Sultanahmet Meydani, a famous landmark in Istanbul. The next photo showed the three among other fellow militants somewhere in Syria – all armed and equipped.

One of the IS fighters that RT interviewed revealed that there had been no border guards waiting for them when they crossed from Turkey into Syria.

### **Islamist propaganda printed in Istanbul**

Turkey's logistical support for extremist fighters trying to overthrow Syrian President Bashar Assad's government, or at least its non-interference with their cross-border movements, has been widely reported, but little has been said about the ideological support coming from Turkish soil.

Among the documents left behind by the terrorists at an IS-run hospital, RT's crew discovered an Islamist propaganda leaflet printed in Arabic titled "How to wage a perfect battle against the criminal Assad's regime," which described ways to combat the Syrian government.

Curiously, the brochure was printed in Turkey, with the cover openly displaying the postal address and phone number of an Istanbul printing house, supplemented by Facebook contacts.



Cover of an Islamist, anti-Assad propaganda leaflet printed in Istanbul, Turkey.  
/ RT

“Many of the people spoke about the connection with Turkey. Turkey is the direct neighbor of IS. If it was willing to close the ‘connection’ between Turkey and IS, the terrorist organization could no longer survive,” the author of the RT documentary said, recalling interviews with Kurds and captured IS recruits. “If IS would stop receiving weapons, new recruits, food, and other help from Turkey, then IS would lose a big sponsor.”

Turkey benefits from Islamic State because the terrorist group provides it with cheap oil and is fighting both Syria’s government and Kurdish population. This is an opinion shared by both Kurds and their mortal enemies from the jihadist organization. The IS documents obtained by RT may provide additional evidence revealing the dirty game being played by the government of Turkish President Recep Tayyip Erdogan in Syria.

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